# Sharing societal metabolism insights with European Policymakers: uncomfortable encounters and learning for all.

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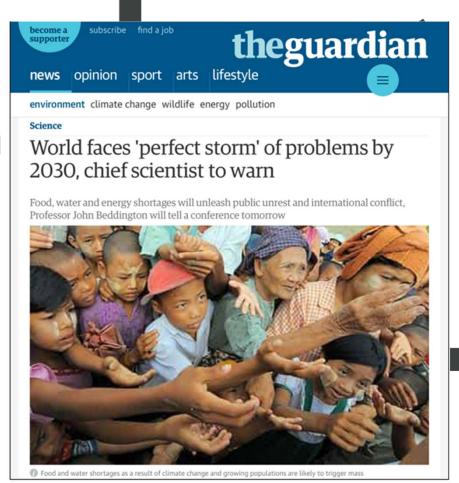






# Take home messages

- Nexus is governance challenge
- Attention to social processes of how evidence is understood and debated
- MAGIC generates 'uncomfortable knowledge' that jars with existing policy processes and roles
- Learning how to do this better (and what not to do)
- Next event on 21<sup>st</sup> November 2019 and potential EEA meeting Jan 2020

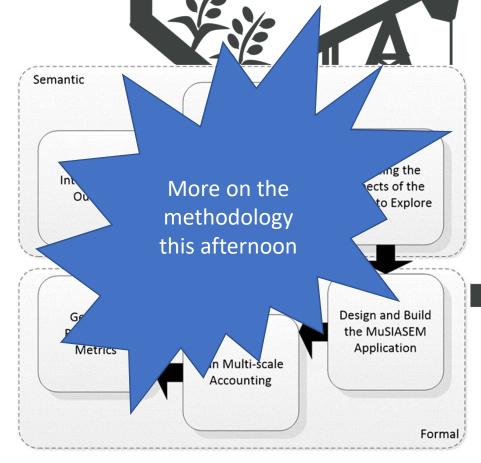






Quality Checks on Policy Narratives

- Why is the policy needed?
   Quality of how problem is framed and understood using narratives-in-use
- What is the solution? Quality of the solution in terms of draw on biosphere (feasible); draw on technosphere (viable) and fit with social norms (desirable)
- How do we proceed? Quality of the knowledge production process in terms of evidence and inclusion







## Policy Engagement to date

- Interviews with individuals from the DGs & their agencies in 2017 and 2019
- Document analysis of the policy areas:
  - Common Agricultural Policy; Natura 2000; Circular Economy; Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Directives; and Water Framework Directive
  - And of the EU implementation of the UN Sustainable Development Goals
- Explored policy narratives in cross cutting discussion groups held in 2017 (DGs); 2018 (EEA, JRC & Parliament)
- Presentations of societal metabolism accounting results to policy actors in 2017 & 2018 – next Nov 19 & Jan 20

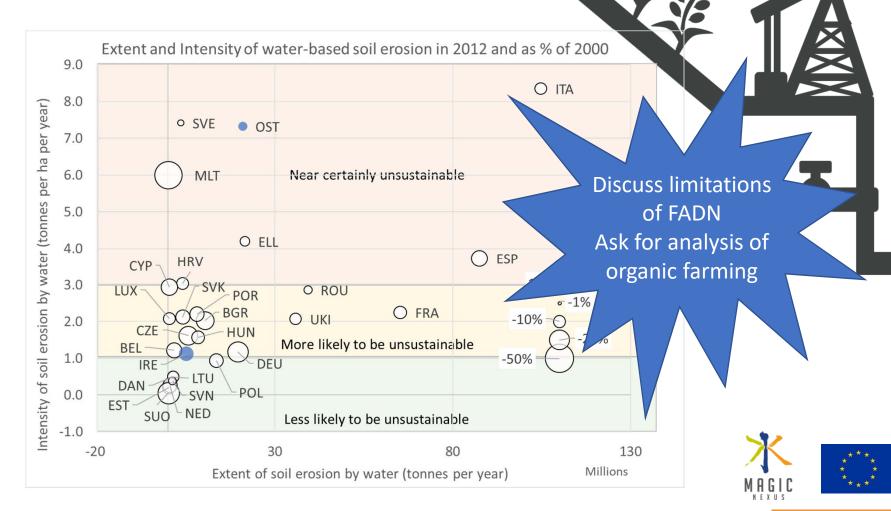






### CAP Phase 1 Example

 CAP payments not preventing agriculture going beyond "safe operating limits" "CAP aims to ensure European agricultural competitiveness in the world market and also aims to deliver public goods such as biodiversity conservation, water quality and climate change mitigation. These aims are in prosition."



### What we learnt

- CAP appropriate policy for Nexus analysis
- Using familiar data set (FADN) useful



- Shifting stakeholders during QST cycle
- Societal Metabolism visualisation is complex and takes time to explain
- DG Agri officials not used to draft science
- Missed CAP policy window



Who would find this analysis useful?

How do we remain credible and trusted?



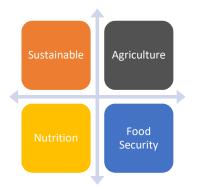






### Next phase – Sustainable Development Goal 2

- Focus on SDG2 (End hunger) and intersections with SDG 6 (clean water), SDG 13 (climate) and 15 (life on land)
- Institutional analysis: policy coherence, policy actors and narratives in use
- Qualitative policy check illustrates:
  - Problem framing: CAP need more attention to energy carriers, energy mix and embodied energy to take account of climate objectives
  - Solutions: Combine demand with production EU Food Policy & consider how EU actions might affect others – spillover indicators
  - Process need for SDG implementation strategy
- Application of MuSIASEM to FADN across EU28 and NUTS 2 regions
- Share with those who want to change or improve the current system



The EC approach to delivering the SDGs is to rely on a mix of existing policies. Eurostat measures progress towards SDG2 and explains the choice of indicators with reference to implementation of policies, principally CAP, WFD, and Natura 2000. The EC use developmental policy coherence to ensure achieving SDGs within the EU does not harm non-EU countries' ability to achieve them.





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Finding new ways to tackle complex policy issues at the nexus between water, energy and food resources

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### Video Series on Uncomfortable Knowledge:

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLIZrkdjNiMaWa0Gg3RT2NRQHpTkrARVmH























